Trend Study 1-19-01

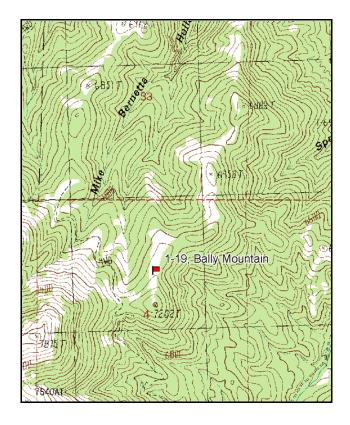
Study site name: <u>Bally Mountain</u>. Vegetation type: <u>Black Sagebrush</u>.

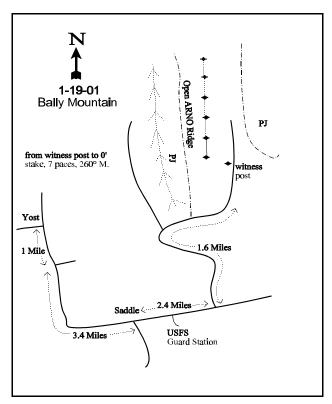
Compass bearing: frequency baseline <u>0</u> degrees magnetic.

Frequency belt placement: line 1 (11ft), line 2 (34ft), line 3 (59ft), line 4 (71ft), line 5 (95ft).

LOCATION DESCRIPTION

From the yield sign east of the town of Yost, travel south and then west towards Bally Mountain for 1.0 miles. Stay right and continue for 3.4 miles. Stay left and travel 2.4 miles. Take a left and continue 1.6 miles to a witness post. From the witness post to the 0 foot stake, walk 7 paces at 260 degrees magnetic. The baseline runs 0 degrees magnetic.





Map Name: Standrod

Township 15N, Range 25E, Section 4

Diagrammatic Sketch

UTM 4649407 N, 296607 E

DISCUSSION

Trend Study No. 1-19

The <u>Bally Mountain</u> trend study samples a open west facing ridge top surrounded by pinyon, juniper and curlleaf mountain mahogany. Slope of the ridge is 20% to 25% with an elevation of approximately 7,160 feet. Deer concentrate here during the winter because the slope remains open. Cattle also graze the area and a trail runs through the site. This area is within the Sawtooth National Forest. It is in the combined Raft River\Yost Pastures allotment which is grazed by 1,418 cattle in the spring and fall. A pellet-group transect read on the site in 2001 estimates 6 deer days use/acre (15 deer days use/ha) and 10 cow days use/acre (25 cow days use/ha).

Soil depth is limited to an effective rooting depth (see methods) of about 13 inches. The soil texture is a clay loam with a soil reaction that is mildly alkaline (7.7 pH). Percent organic matter is one of the highest found within the management unit (5%). The amount of phosphorus in the soil is low at only 6 ppm. Values less than 10 ppm can limit normal plant growth and development. The soil profile is rocky throughout with mostly gravel and some cobble size rocks. On average, rock and pavement has a cover value of a little over 15% with around 7% bare soil. Due to the abundant vegetation and litter cover, erosion is not a serious problem. The erosion condition class was determined to be stable in 2001.

This open ridge is dominated by a low growing population of black sagebrush. Density averages 25,710 plants/acre in 1996 and 2001 with 82% classified as mature. The average mature plant measures only 6 inches high with a 12 inch crown. Utilization was mostly moderate in 1996, but currently it is almost entirely classified as light use. Vigor is good on all plants except 16% of the decadent shrubs which were classified as dying. Seedlings and especially young are numerous, yet the population will likely not expand much further due to the very high density and increasing intraspecific competition. Annual leader growth averaged .7 inches in 2001. The average growth for black sagebrush on this site was 14% lower than the average for the management unit. Additional forage is provided by a few scattered mountain big sagebrush, curlleaf mountain mahogany, and rubber rabbitbrush.

The next most abundant shrub consist of broom snakeweed which numbered about 19,520 plants/acre in 1996. Density declined 43% in 2001. These are small plants, dwarfed by the harshness of the site and measure, on average, only 3 inches high by 5 inches across. Age class analysis indicated a dynamic reproductive potential in 1996. However, broom snakeweed did not increase and will likely not increase much in the future due to the harshness of the site and the relatively high density of black sagebrush.

The herbaceous understory is relatively well developed for a black sagebrush site. Five perennial grasses combined to produce 12% cover in 1996 increasing to 23% in 2001. Slender wheatgrass, Sandberg bluegrass, and prairie junegrass provide 99% of the total grass cover. Forbs are diverse and abundant. However, most of the common forbs are low value, low growing species which includes: stemless goldenweed, desert phlox, and dandelion.

1996 APPARENT TREND ASSESSMENT

Protective ground cover is adequate to prevent most soil erosion on this site. Black sagebrush is abundant with adequate numbers of seedlings and young to maintain the population. Browse trend appears stable. The herbaceous understory is diverse and in good condition for this vegetation type. Some useful forbs are found, but the majority are low value forage species.

2001 TREND ASSESSMENT

Protective ground cover is good and prevents most soil erosion on this site. The ratio of bare soil to protective cover has remained almost unchanged since 1996, therefor the trend for soil is stable. Black sagebrush is abundant with adequate numbers of seedlings and young to maintain the population. Browse trend is stable. The herbaceous understory is diverse and in good condition for this vegetation type. Since 1996, the sum of nested frequency values for the grasses has remained almost the same, however the value for forbs has decreased somewhat. However, most of the forbs are small and of little forage value. Trend overall would be considered stable.

TREND ASSESSMENT
soil - stable (3)
browse - stable (3)
herbaceous understory - stable (3)

HERBACEOUS TRENDS --

Herd unit 01, Study no: 19

T y p	Species	Nested Freque		Quadra Freque		Average Cover %	
e		'96	'01	'96	'01	'96	'01
G	Agropyron trachycaulum	334	*367	97	98	6.34	16.36
G	Bromus tectorum (a)	3	8	1	2	.00	.01
G	Koeleria cristata	64	*100	24	31	1.12	2.23
G	Oryzopsis hymenoides	14	*_	6	-	.25	-
G	Poa secunda	301	*259	89	86	4.57	4.67
G	Sitanion hystrix	2	-	1	-	.00	-
Т	otal for Annual Grasses	3	8	1	2	0.00	0.00
Т	otal for Perennial Grasses	715	726	217	215	12.30	23.27
To	otal for Grasses	718	734	218	217	12.31	23.28
F	Achillea millefolium	4	4	2	2	.03	.15
F	Agoseris glauca	2	*8	1	4	.00	.04
F	Antennaria rosea	6	10	3	5	.06	.05
F	Arabis spp.	37	*10	16	7	.08	.03
F	Arenaria fendleri	160	*84	55	37	.97	.38
F	Astragalus calycosus	117	*51	51	23	1.52	.27
F	Aster spp.	24	*6	8	2	.06	.15
F	Castilleja angustifolia	11	*17	5	12	.02	.33
F	Castilleja linariaefolia	36	*55	19	28	.17	.51
F	Chenopodium fremontii (a)	-	3	-	1	-	.00
F	Cirsium spp.	3	4	2	2	.01	.01
F	Comandra pallida	2	6	1	2	.00	.01
F	Collinsia parviflora (a)	275	293	77	81	1.78	2.56

T y p	Species	Nested Freque		Quadra Freque		Average Cover %	
e		'96	'01	'96	'01	'96	'01
F	Cordylanthus ramosus (a)	7	-	3	-	.01	-
F	Crepis intermedia	2	-	1	-	.00	-
F	Cryptantha spp.	21	*_	11	-	.13	-
F	Cymopterus spp.	4	-	1	-	.00	-
F	Erigeron pumilus	54	*24	27	15	.26	.07
F	Haplopappus acaulis	88	*50	35	27	2.61	.75
F	Lappula occidentalis (a)	30	*1	11	1	.20	.00
F	Lesquerella spp.	4	11	1	5	.00	.02
F	Linum lewisii	55	*6	18	3	.26	.04
F	Lomatium spp.	5	7	2	4	.03	.02
F	Machaeranthera spp	4	-	1	-	.00	-
F	Microsteris gracilis (a)	-	4	-	1	-	.00
F	Penstemon spp.	2	-	1	-	.00	-
F	Phlox austromontana	238	*183	79	72	5.08	3.70
F	Phlox longifolia	-	6	-	3	-	.01
F	Ranunculus testiculatus (a)	13	*19	4	9	.16	.19
F	Senecio multilobatus	48	*25	25	13	.28	.14
F	Taraxacum officinale	92	69	44	35	.50	.64
F	Tragopogon dubius	18	*6	7	2	.06	.03
F	Viola spp.	-	3	-	1	-	.00
Т	otal for Annual Forbs	325	320	95	93	2.16	2.77
Т	otal for Perennial Forbs	1037	645	416	304	12.22	7.41
Т	otal for Forbs	1362	965	511	397	14.39	10.18

^{*} Indicates significant difference at alpha = 0.10 (annuals excluded)

BROWSE TRENDS --Herd unit 01, Study no: 19

T y	Species	Strip Freque	ncy	Average Cover %			
p e		'96	'01	'96	'01		
В	Artemisia nova	100	100	14.38	17.74		
В	Artemisia tridentata vaseyana	1	2	-	1		
В	Cercocarpus ledifolius	1	1	-	-		
В	Chrysothamnus nauseosus consimilis	24	24	.82	1.19		
В	Chrysothamnus viscidiflorus stenophyllus	1	1	-	-		
В	Eriogonum microthecum	15	21	.01	.04		
В	Gutierrezia sarothrae	98	86	3.24	1.33		
В	Pediocactus simpsonii	4	0	.01	-		
В	Pinus monophylla	2	1		_		
В	Tetradymia canescens	1	1	-	-		
To	otal for Browse	247	237	18.48	20.31		

BASIC COVER ---

Herd unit 01, Study no: 19

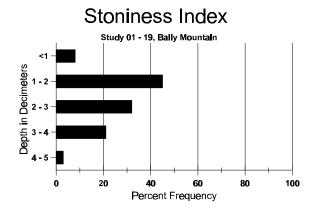
Cover Type	Nested Frequen	cy	Average Cover %	
	'96	'01	'96	'01
Vegetation	463	472	44.50	63.04
Rock	316	130	6.55	1.45
Pavement	391	362	11.31	11.48
Litter	483	417	29.17	23.38
Cryptogams	233	138	2.90	2.75
Bare Ground	281	287	5.23	9.27

SOIL ANALYSIS DATA --

Herd Unit 01, Study no: 19, Bally Mountain

Effective rooting depth (in)	Temp °F (depth)	РН	%sand	%silt	%clay	%0M	PPM P	PPM K	dS/m
13.4	52.6 (14.5)	7.8	26.7	42.0	31.3	5.0	6.0	297.6	.7

263



PELLET GROUP FREQUENCY --

Herd unit 01, Study no: 19

ricia anti or , i	study III	0. 17
Туре	Quadra Freque	
	'96	'01
Rabbit	2	1
Deer	13	2
Cattle	3	2

Pellet T	ransect
Pellet Groups per Acre Ø1	Days Use per Acre (ha) Ø1
9	N/A
78	6 (15)
122	10 (25)

BROWSE CHARACTERISTICS --

Herd unit 01, Study no: 19

A		For	m Cla	ass (N	o. of l	Plants))					Vig	or Cl	ass			Plants	Average		Total
G E	K		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		1	2	3	4	Per Acre	(inches) Ht. Cr.		
Aı	rtem	isia	frigid	a																
M	96		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	0	-	-	0
	01		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	0	5	10	0
%	Plar	nts S	Showii	ng	Mo	derate	Use	Неа	avy Us	se	Po	oor V	/igor				(%Change	<u>e</u>	
			'96		00%	6		00%	6		00	0%								
			'01		00%	6		00%	0		00	0%								
Тс	otal Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)														'96		0	Dec	:	-
															'01		0			-

A	GR										Vigor Cl	ass			Plants	Average	Total
E	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	Per Acre	(inches) Ht. Cr.	
A	rtem	isia nov	a														
S	96 01	19 9	-	-	-	- -	-	-	- -	-	19 9	-	- -	-	380 180		19 9
Y	96 01	204 85	44 -	-	7 -	-	-	-	-	1	255 85	-	-	-	5100 1700		255 85
M	96 01	48 1036	934 35	38	-	-	-	-	-	1 1	1020 1071	-	-	-	20400 21420		15 1020 12 1071
D	96 01	8 88	32	7 -	5	-	-	-	-		41 74	-	-	11 14	1040 1760		52 88
X	96 01		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 1	-	-	-	-	380 240		19 12
%	Plar	nts Shov '90 '01	5	Mod 76% 03%		Use	Hea 03% 00%		<u>e</u>	.8	oor Vigor 2% .%					<u>%Change</u> - 6%	
Т	otal I	Plants/A	cre (ex	cluding	g Dea	d & Se	eedling	gs)					'96 '01		26540 24880	Dec:	4% 7%
_		isia trid	entata	vaseyar	na										1	1	
Y	96 01	1 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	1 -	-	-	- -	20 0		1 0
M	96 01	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 1	2	-	-	-	0 40		19 0 19 2
%	Plar	nts Show '90 '01	5	Mod 00% 00%		Use	Hea 00% 00%		<u>e</u>		oor Vigor 9% 9%				_	%Change +50%	
Т	Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)											'96 '01		20 40	Dec:		
C	erco	carpus l	edifoliu	ıs													
Y	96 01	-	- 1	1 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 1	-	-	-	20 20		1 1
%	Plar	nts Show '90 '01	5	<u>Moo</u> 00% 100		Use	Hea 100 00%		<u>e</u>	00	oor Vigor % %					<u>%Change</u> + 0%	
Т	otal l	stal Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)											'96 '01		20 20	Dec:	-

A G	Y R	Form C	lass (N	lo. of F	Plants)					Vigor Cl	ass			Plants Per Acre	Average (inches)		Total
E	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	Per Acre	Ht. Cr.		
C	hryso	othamnus	s nause	eosus c	onsin	nilis												
Y	96 01	4 12	3	-	-	-	<u>-</u> -	-	-	-	7 12	-	-	-	140 240			7 12
M	96 01	12 10	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19 10	-	-	-	380 200	17 19	24 24	19 10
D	96 01	1 14	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 7	-	- 1	2	100 280			5 14
X		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0 40			0 2
%		nts Show '96 '01		derate 6	<u>Use</u>	Hea 13% 00%		<u>e</u>	06	oor Vigor 5% 9%				<u> </u>	MChange +14%		_	
Т	otal I	Plants/Ac	ere (ex	cludin	g Dea	d & Se	edling	gs)					'96 '01		620 720	Dec:		16% 39%
C	hryso	othamnus	s nause	eosus h	olole	ucus										_		
M	96 01	-	-	- -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	0	- 11	7	0 0
%	Plar	nts Show '96 '01		Mod 00% 00%		Use	Hea 00% 00%		<u>e</u>	00	oor Vigor 0% 0%				-	%Change		
Т	otal I	Plants/Ac	ere (ex	cludin	g Dea	d & Se	eedling	gs)					'96 '01		0	Dec:		-
		othamnus	s visci	difloru	s sten	ophyllı	JS											
S	96 01	- 1	-	- -	-	- -	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	- -	- -	0 20			0 1
M	96 01	1 -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 -	-	-	-	20 0	6	10	1 0
D	96 01	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -	-	- 1	-	-	-	0 20			0 1
%	Plar	nts Show '96 '01		Mod 00% 00%		Use	Hea 00% 00%		<u>e</u>	00	oor Vigor 0% 0%					%Change + 0%		
Т	otal Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'96 '01		20 20			0% 100%

	Y R	Form Cl	ass (N	lo. of	Plants)					Vigor Cl	ass			Plants Per Acre	Average (inches)		Total
E	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	2	3	4	rei Acie	Ht. Cr.		
Er	iogo	num mic	rothec	cum														
Y	96 01	8 10	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	-	8 10	- -	- -	-	160 200			8 10
	96 01	11 33	5	-	1 6	-	-	-	-	1 1	17 39	-	-	-	340 780	6 6	10 10	17 39
%	% Plants Showing Moderate Use Heavy Use '96 20% 00% '01 00% 00% Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)										oor Vigor)%)%					%Change +49%		
Тс	otal I	Plants/Ac	re (ex	cludin	g Dea	d & S	eedling	gs)					'96 '01		500 980	Dec:		-
Gı	ıtier	rezia sarc	thrae															
	96 01	57 17	-	-	1	-	-	-	- -	-	58 17	-	-	-	1160 340			58 17
Y	96 01	258 64	-	-	19 2	-	-	-	-	1 1	277 66	-	-	-	5540 1320			277 66
M	96 01	675 470	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	678 470	-	-	-	13560 9400	3 3	4 5	678 470
D	96 01	21 17	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	- -	-	16 8	-	- 1	5 9	420 360			21 18
	96 01	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	340 20			17 1
ш		nts Showi '96 '01	ng	Mo 00% 00%		Use	Hea 00% 00%		se_	.5	oor Vigor 1% 2%					%Change -43%		
Тс	Total Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)										'96 '01		19520 11080	Dec:		2% 3%		
Pe	dioc	actus sin	npsoni	i														
M	96 01	1 -	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	1 1	4 -	-	-	-	80 0		2	4 0
%	Plar	nts Showi '96 '01	ng	Mo 00% 00%		Use	Hea 00% 00%		se	00	oor Vigor)%)%					%Change		
Тс	otal Plants/Acre (excluding Dead & Seedlings)												'96 '01		80 0	Dec:	_	- -

	Y Form Class (No. of Plants)										Vigor Class				Plants Per Acre	Average (inches)		Total	
Ē		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		1	2	3	4		Ht. Cr.		
Pi	nus	monophy	lla																
S	96	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-	-	-	20			1
	01	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		2	-	-	-	40			2
Y	96	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	40			2
	01	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-	-	-	20			1
%	Plaı	nts Showi '96 '01	ng	Mod 00% 00%		Use	Hea 00% 00%		<u>se</u>	00	oor Vi)%)%	gor				_	<u>%Change</u> 50%		
То	otal l	Plants/Ac	re (ex	cluding	g Dea	d & Se	eedling	gs)						'96 '01		40 20	Dec:		- -
Т	etrad	ymia can	escen	s															
M	96 01	1 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1 1	-	-	-	20 20	11 14	17 20	1 1
%	% Plants Showing Moderate Use 00% Heavy Use 00% '96 00% 00% '01 00% 00%									00	oor Vi)%)%	gor					<u>%Change</u> ⊦ 0%		
То	otal l	Plants/Ac	re (ex	cludin	g Dea	d & Se	eedling	gs)						'96 '01		20 20	Dec:		- -